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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/664,081	09/17/2003	Toshiya Uemura	T36-159070M/KOH	5081
21254	7590 02/13/2006		EXAMINER	
MCGINN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP, PLLC 8321 OLD COURTHOUSE ROAD			JACKSON JR, JEROME	
SUITE 200	OCKITIOODE KOND		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
VIENNA, V	A 22182-3817		2815	
			DATE MAILED: 02/13/2006	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	ij
	10/664,081	UEMURA, TOSHI	/ A
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jerome Jackson Jr.	2815	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. nely filed the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 De</u>	ecember 2005.		
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar			merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 1-14,16-19 and 21-27 is/are pending is 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-9,12-14,21-25 and 27 is/are rejected 7) Claim(s) 10,11 and 26 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the formula of the formula of the language of the drawing (s) is objected to by the formula of the drawing (s) is objected in the drawing (s) is objected to by the drawing (s) is objected to by the formula of the drawing (s) is objected to by the formula of the fo	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CF	•
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite	-152)

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1-9,12-14,16-19,21-25 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Jp '028.

The previous rejection still applies. New claim 25 is rejected as any light which escapes the device must be "released" from the substrate surface. New claim 27 is rejected as there are electrodes 4b and 4c of '028 which must reflect some light toward the swollen portion. It is an inherent property of conductive layers as 4b and 4c that they will reflect light, and because light is generated in the interior of the device, some light will necessarily be reflected from 4b and 4c toward the "swollen portion".

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jp '028 in view of Krausse '686.

The previous rejection applies.

Claims 10, 11 and 26 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Applicant's arguments filed 12/2/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In regard to the light emitting surface of Jp '028, it is a physical property of p-n junction devices as Jp '028 and applicant's device that light is isotropically emitted in all directions from the p-n junction active emission area. Light is reflected from or transmitted through all surfaces of the device

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depending on the angle of incidence, overlying reflection or transmission layers, etc. The broad recitations of the claims, "comprising a substrate surface as a main light-extracting surface" do not structurally distinguish the claims over the applied art. "Main light extracting surface" is a mere label describing a surface through which light is transmitted. "Main" is a label. Any surface through which light is transmitted in Jp'028 can be arbitrarily labeled a "main light extracting surface". There are no concrete recitations distinguishing applicant's "main" surface over the "main" surface of Jp '028. Any or all of the light transmitting surface of Jp '028 is a "main" surface. Furthermore, a "substrate surface" of both applicant and Jp '028 has to be a "main light extracting surface". How else would the light exit the device? The light has to cross a surface to escape. The claim recitation is broad and structurally indistinguishing over the applied art.

Arguments regarding Krausse are also unconvincing of patentability as Jp '028 shows a "main" surface. Krausse shows multiple bond wires for "electrical, thermal and mechanical advantages" See the abstract. It is also an inherent property that multiple wires reduces inductance and increases thermal dissipation by increasing the volume of thermal flow and reducing the current density in the bond wires.

JEROME JACKSON PRIMARY EXAMINER